Using Individual-Task Data to Field FORCEnet

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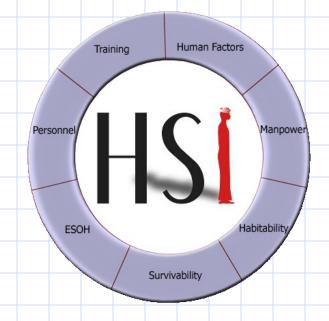
- FORCEnet HSI/MPT Strategy
- Multiple uses of individual-task data
- Benefits of "re-use" strategy
- "Roll up" of individual task data to mission tasks
- Summary



FORCEnet HSI Strategy

"... In carrying FORCEnet duties and ADDU roles, I place the highest possible importance on the necessity out my CHENG to develop the 21st century Warrior. ... Toward that end, I am standing up, as a member of my Chief Engineer's organization, a cadre to ensure the discipline necessary to bring Human Systems Integration (HSI) principles to FORCEnet is in place..."

-- RADM Ken Slaght 24 April 2003



Integrates human capabilities and limitations into...

- -Architecture and Standards
- -System Design and Development
- -Test and evaluation
- -Assessment

...in a way that optimizes FORCEnet performance under operational conditions



FORCEnet MPT Strategy

- Focused on individual-level tasks
- Goals:
 - Collect C4ISR individual-task data to support product development
 - Implement "re-use" strategy for efficiency
 Systems
 - Support C4ISR departments and divisions standing up in the Fleet

Mission

Sailor

Content

4



Task Types

- Organizational: Battle Group
 - Mission tasks performed by more than one unit
- Organizational: Unit
 - Mission tasks performed by unit
- Individual: Team
 - Task performed in conjunction with another individual
- Individual: Personal
 - Task performed by an individual

Information Hierard

Strategic View -Across Missions

Tactical View -Across Systems

Operations View -Across Warfighters

Observe

Decide

Assess

Engage

Work-Task Details

Work Products

Alternatives & Explanations

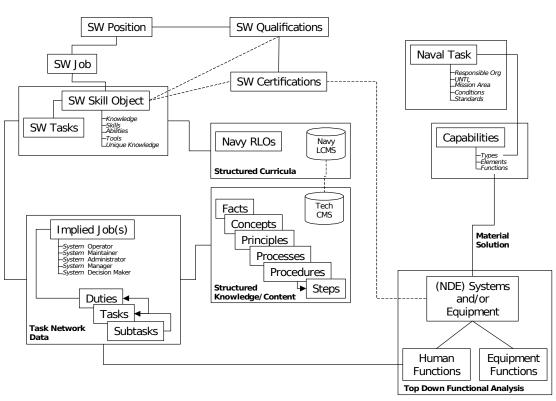


- Job Titles—name of workforce assignments to officer and enlisted personnel
 - <u>Duties</u>—major job responsibilities of personnel
 - <u>Tasks</u>—primary activities performed by individuals
 - Subtasks—further breakdown of task activities
 - Procedures—
 - Step 1
 - Step 2
 - Etc.



Multiple Uses of Individual-

- * Human-compate interface design
- Manpower/personnel analysis
- User documentation
- Training design
- Test and evaluation
- Performance assessment
- Program assessment





*HCI Design

- Hierarchical Structu
- JTA Feeds GUI Design
 - Menus
 - Templates/Windows
 - Command Languages
- Duties = Top-Level Menus
 - Tasks = Secondary Menus
 - Subtasks = Tertiary Menus







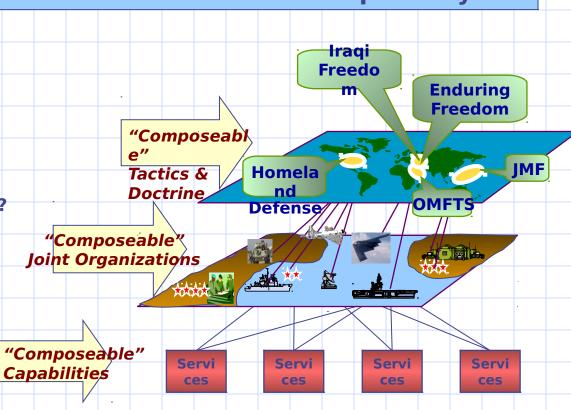
*HSI Assessment

Shared Awareness Efficiency of Asset Utilization

Speed of Command Adaptability

Key Issues - Does it:

- Improve the quality of decision-making?
- Provide usable components and processes?
- Support distributed knowledge management?
- Achieve organization effectiveness?
- Impose acceptable MPT requirements?





*Technical Documentation

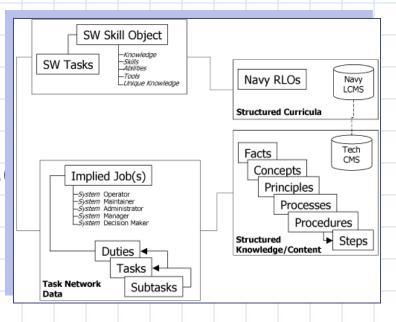
- ITA supports structured presentation of technical user information:
 - Job/Task Focused
 - XML-Repository Based
 - Electronic Performance
 Support System (EPSS)
 - Enables drill-down to work procedures and corresponding steps





*Training Design

- JTA supports curriculum design and development
 - Training task/cours of instruction desig
 - Reusable LearningObjects
 - LCMS-compatible
- Duties = Unit Topics
 - Tasks = Lesson Topics





*Test and Evaluation

- JTA Information Enables Operationally-Focused T&E
 - Performance categories provide focus
 - Operator
 - Maintainer
 - Administrator
 - Supervisor
 - Manager /decision-maker)
 - Duties usually equate to system functions
 - Testing of actual tasks is more effective than "button pushing"



*Performance Assessment

- JTA information provides an excellent basis for testing human performance
 - Tasks/subtasks specify actual work behavior that needs to be assessed
 - Well-written task/subtask statements enable MOE/MOP identification
 - Sequence tasks into Warrior Activity
 Sequence Diagrams
- FORCEnet HSI Lab linked to other Navy testing labs
- Include Warfighter activities in thinthread analyses



Program Assessment

- Identify programmatic overlaps and redundancies (e.g., PR07)
- Include HSI considerations
 - Cost
 - Usability
 - Workload
 - Training required
- Job Tasks form the basis of HSI analysis



Benefits of Task "Re-Use"

- Provides common operational framework
- Enables multi-modal learning and application
- Improves program effectiveness





Common Operational

- *JTA re-use facilitates learning
- *JTA re-use contributes to improved situational awareness
- ◆JTA re-use enables the identification of related, or common, activitie

consolidation



Multi-Modal Learning

- *JTA re-use enables officers and sailors to "see" how information learned in one environment can be transferred, or applied, without training to activities in another environment
- JTA re-use enables the "reinforcement" of previously learned material by confirming understanding



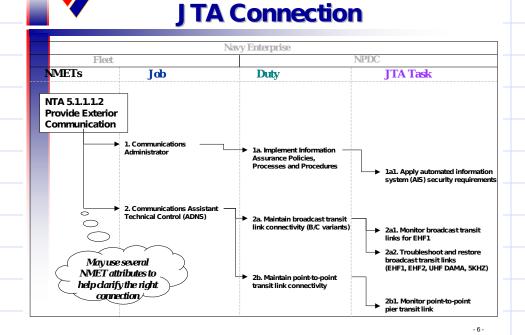
Improved Program

- **Effectiveness**Re-use of JTA information contributes to an "integrated" product line
- JTA re-use improves product effectiveness
- JTA re-use provides cost savings





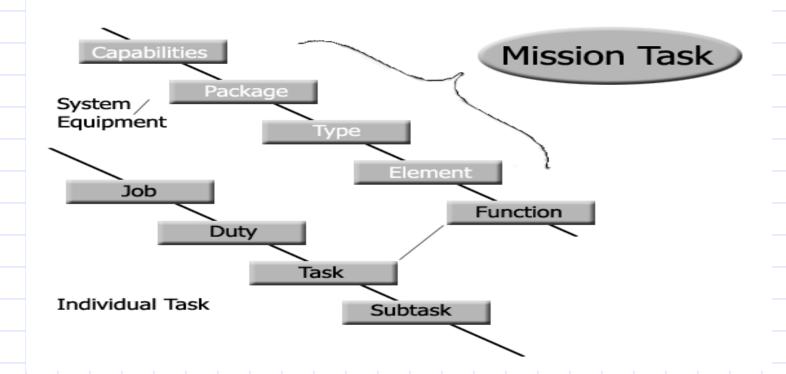
Mission-Task Linkage





Mission-Task Linkage (Cont)

Associate MPT data through system/equipment linkage





- Implementation of FORCEnet uses individual-task data
- Task data contributes to many types of "products"
- "Re-use" of task data is central tenant of SPAWAR HSI/MPT strategy
- *"Roll-up" of MPT data to mission tasks is possible